

Food Safety Standard 3.2.2A

To improve food safety and prevent foodborne illness, all food service, retail and catering businesses in Australia must implement food safety management tools by 8 December 2023.

Business category types

Category one

A caterer or food service that make and serve unpackaged, potentially hazardous, ready-to-eat food. Examples include:



restaurants and cafes



bakeries



mobile food vans



hospitals and aged care

fast food outlets



childcare and school canteens

Category two

A retail business that sells unpackaged, potentially hazardous, ready-to-eat foods that aren't made by the business. Examples include:



delis



some market stalls



some supermarkets



some service stations



seafood retailers



some butchers

Which tools are required?

	Category one	Category two
Food handler training	Land	Lander
Food safety supervisor	Lander	Lange
Show that your food is safe	Lange	X

Food handler training

Food handlers must do a food safety training course **or** show that they understand:



safe handling of food



food contamination



cleaning and sanitising equipment



personal hygiene

Food safety supervisor

A food business must have a food safety supervisor who:



is trained



has a supervisor's certificate



can give advice to people who make food



is reasonably available

Show that your food is safe

A food business must show that they are making safe food by:



keeping a record of important food safety controls, activities and processes

or



demonstrating safe food handling practices

